



Visão Artificial numa estratégia de transformação digital

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- Vision is a complex physical and intellectual human task that stands as a primary interaction tool with the world - it involves an almost simultaneous interaction of the eyes and the brain
- It is a complex process not completely understood, even after hundreds of years of research and it can do amazing things like:
 - Recognize people and objects
 - Navigate through obstacles
 - Understand mood in the scene Imagine stories
- But:
 - Suffers from illusions
 - Ignores many details
 - Ambiguous description of the world
 - Doesn't care about accuracy of world

Computer vision



Objects

Labels

Text

Properties

Safe Search



objetos.jpg



How a computer sees the images?

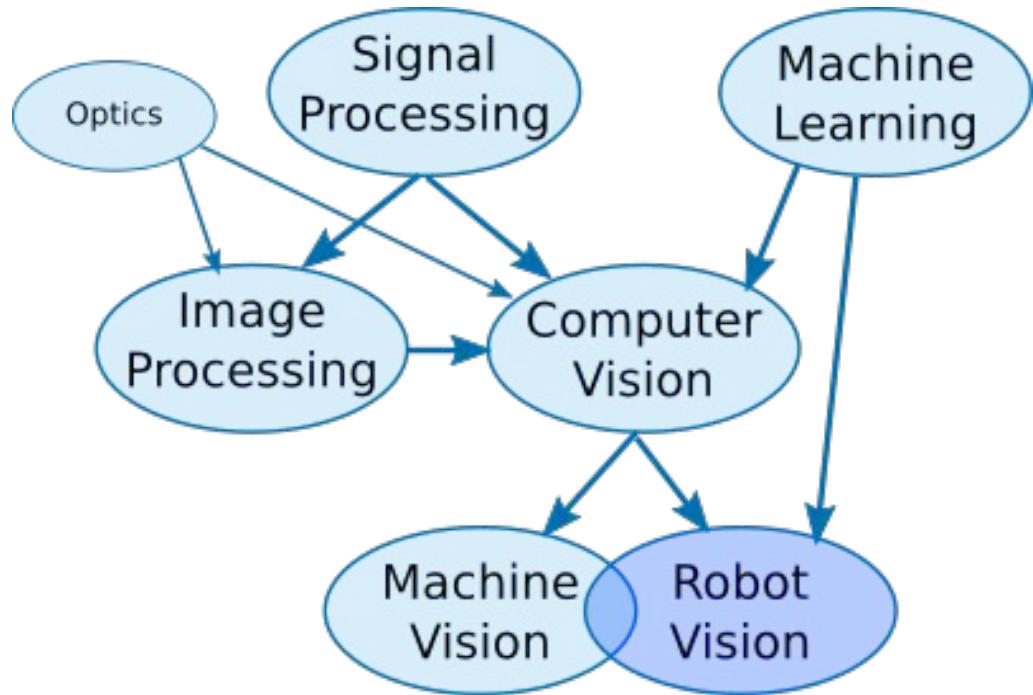
GRAY = 1 SET OF DIGITS			'RGB' = 3 SETS OF DIGITS			'CMYK' = 4 SETS OF DIGITS		
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GRAY = 1 SET OF DIGITS			'RGB' = 3 SETS OF DIGITS			'CMYK' = 4 SETS OF DIGITS		
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11111111	00000000	11001100	00000000	11001100	00000000	00000000	01001010	00000000
01100110	11001100	00000000	11001100	11001100	00000000	00111100	00000000	00000100
01010000	00101000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000	00000000
00110011	00110011	00000000	00110011	00110011	00000000	01001100	01100000	00000000
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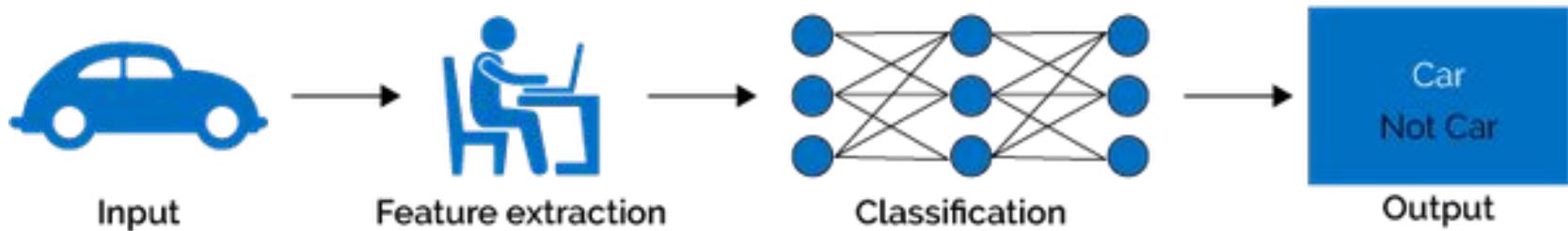


Computer Vision

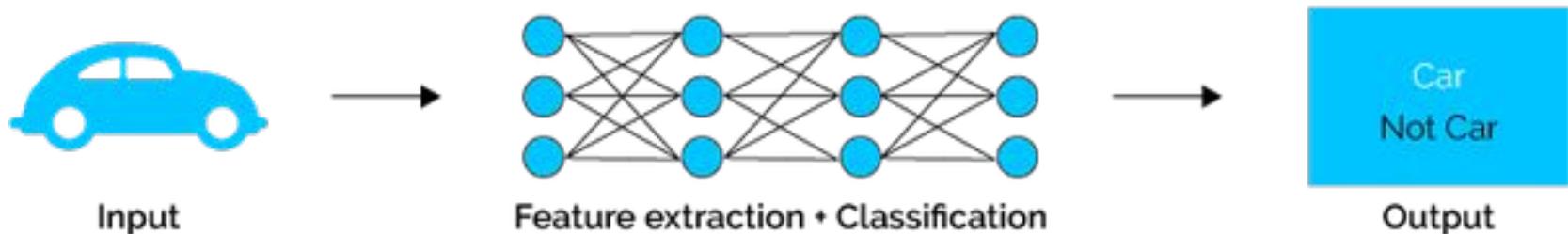
- Signal Processing involves processing electronic signals...
- Image Processing is primarily pixel manipulation
- Computer Vision is more about extracting information from images
- Computer vision is a field that includes methods for acquiring, processing, analyzing, and understanding images
- The main goal: make computer vision converge towards human vision. **Can we ever accomplish that?**



Machine Learning



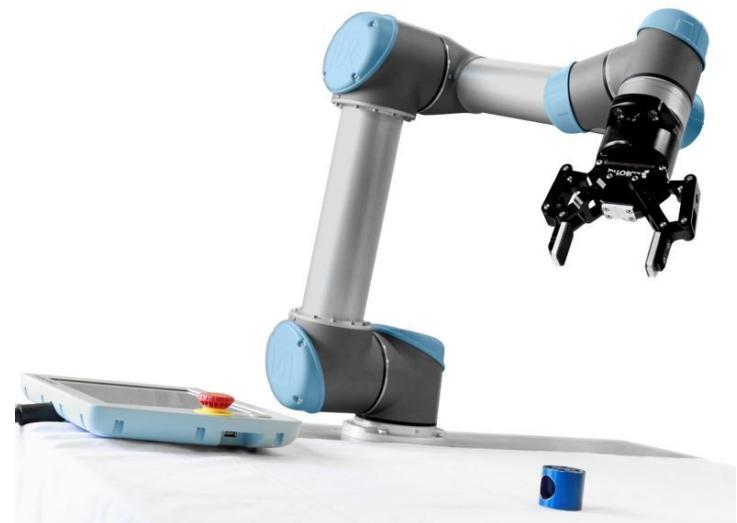
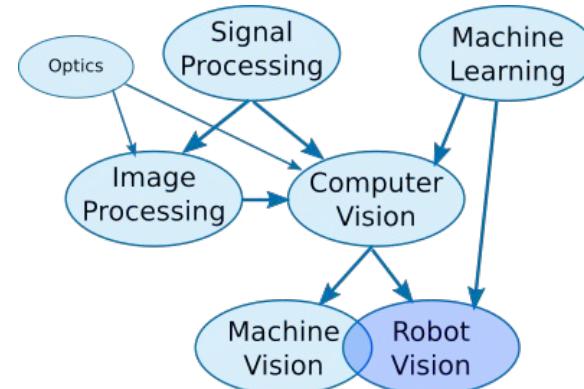
Deep Learning



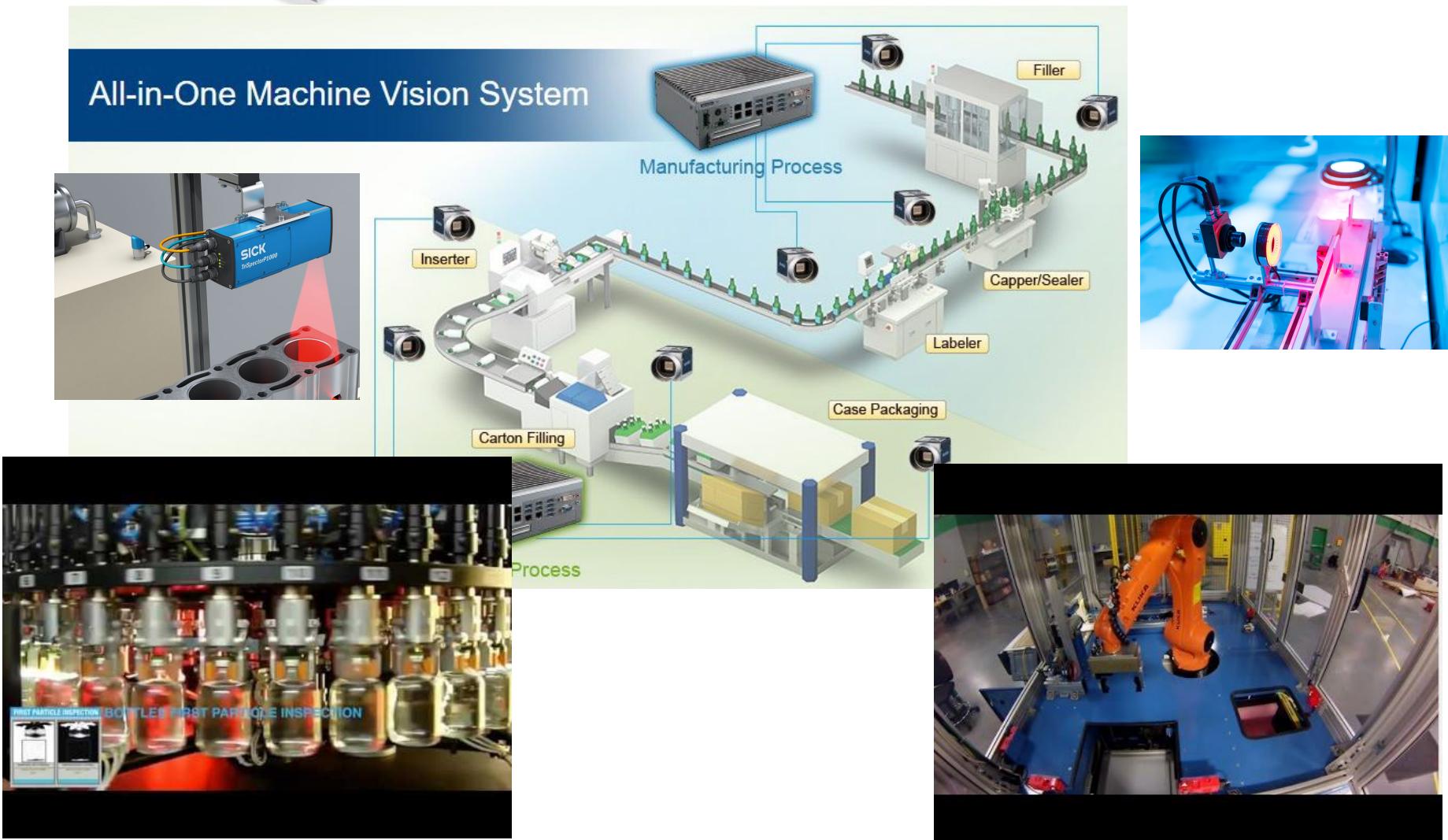
AlexNet won the ImageNet competition in 2012 by a large margin using a technique called deep learning...

Machine/Robot Vision

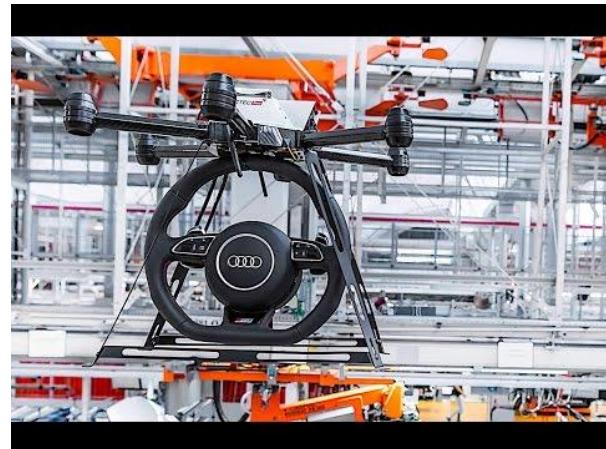
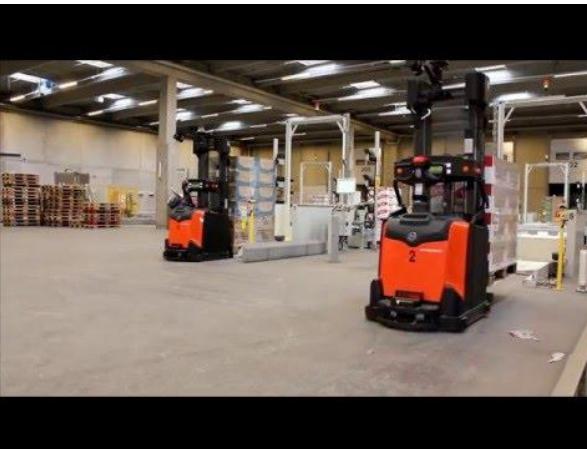
- Machine Vision refers to the industrial use of vision for specific applications
- Robot Vision incorporates aspects of robotics into its techniques and algorithms, due to robot's ability to physically affect the environment
- Robot Vision involves using a combination of camera hardware and computer algorithms to allow robots to process visual data from the world.



Machine Vision



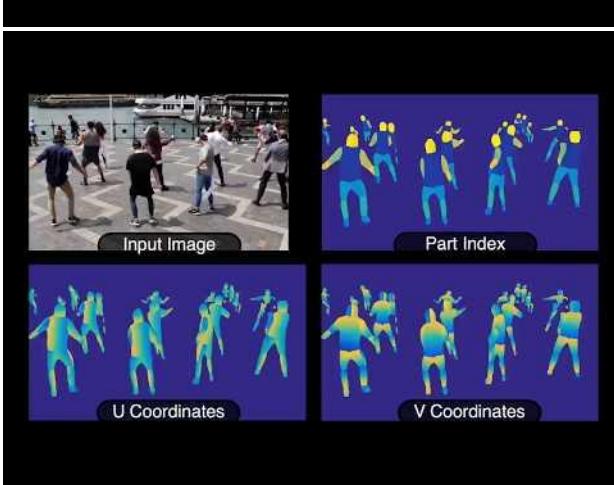
Robotic Vision



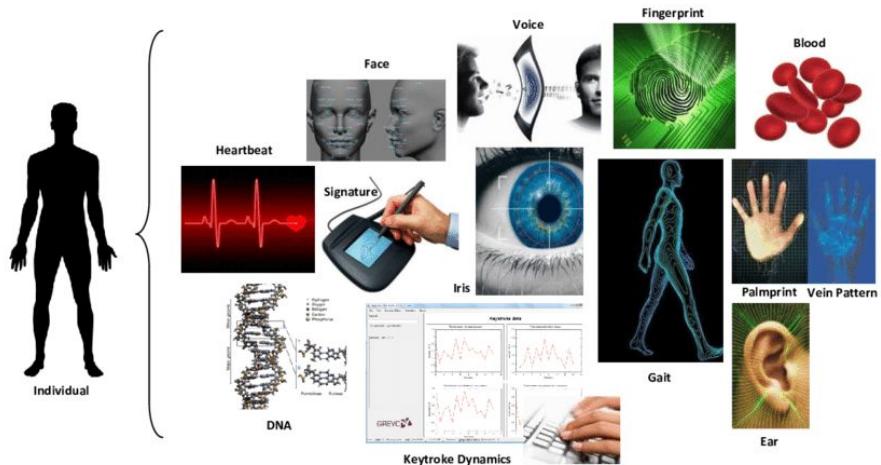


Computer Vision

- Motion capture
- Posture estimation



- Biometrics



General Biometric System

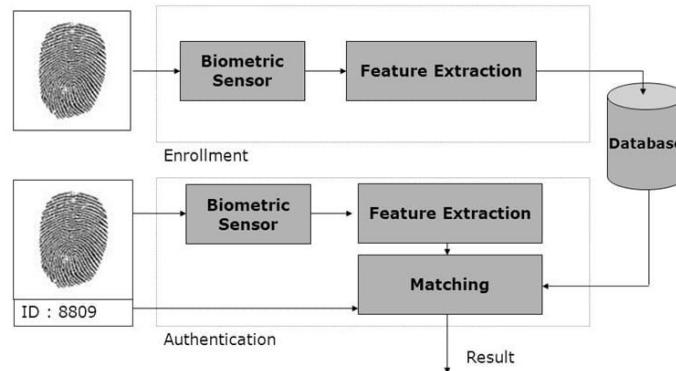
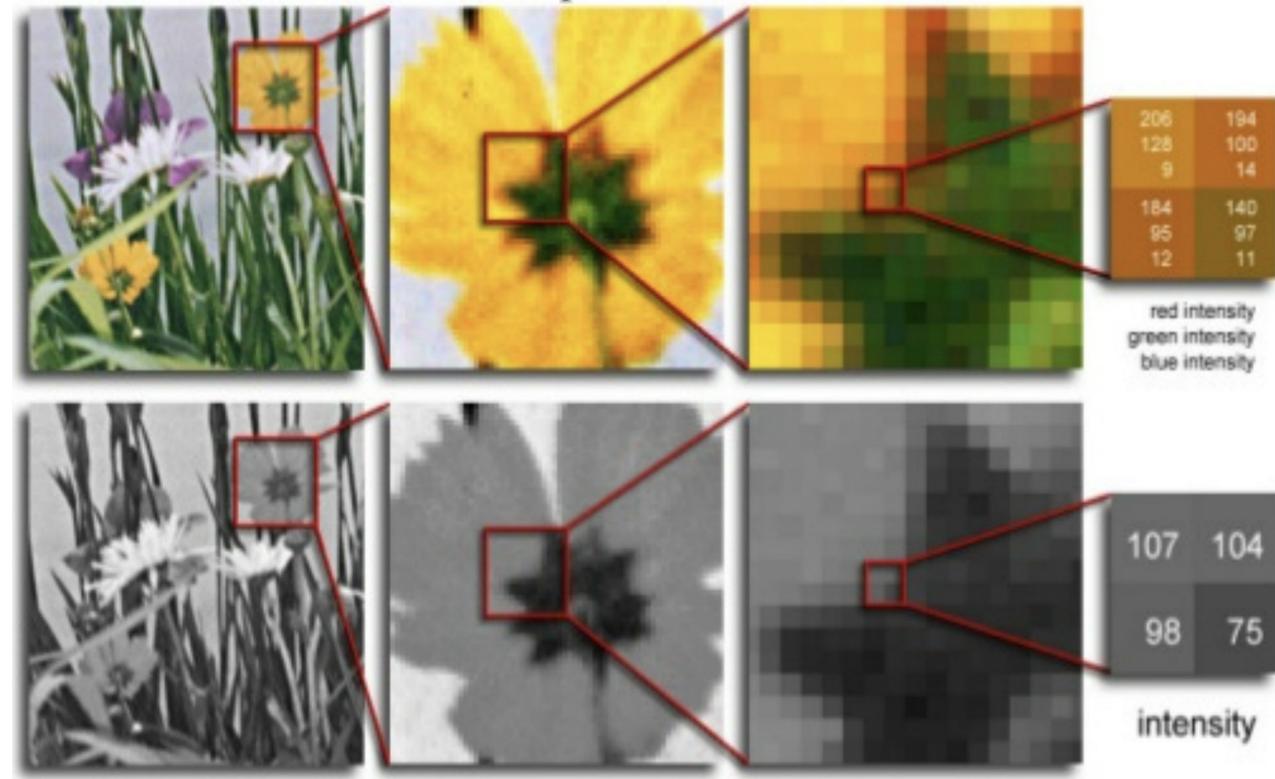


Image Sensors



Visible spectrum images

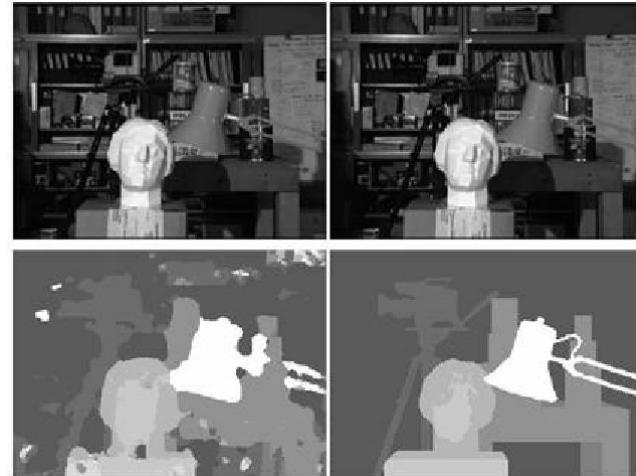
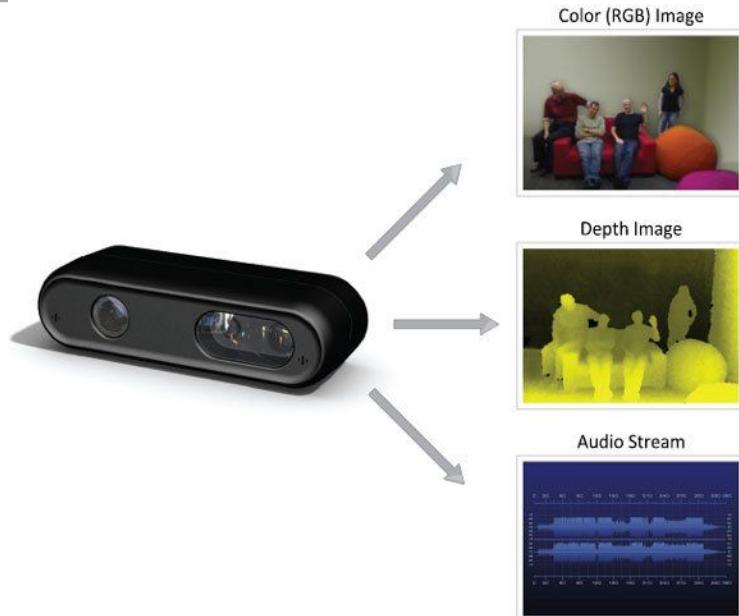


Depth images

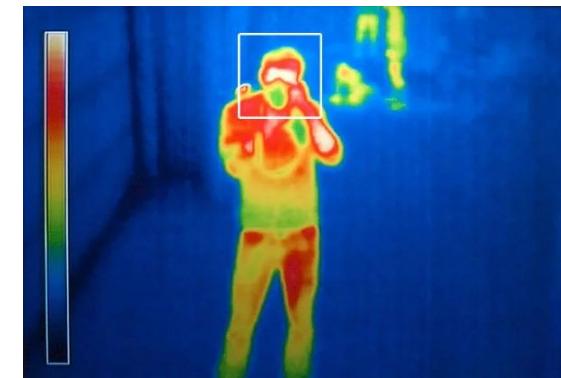
Active



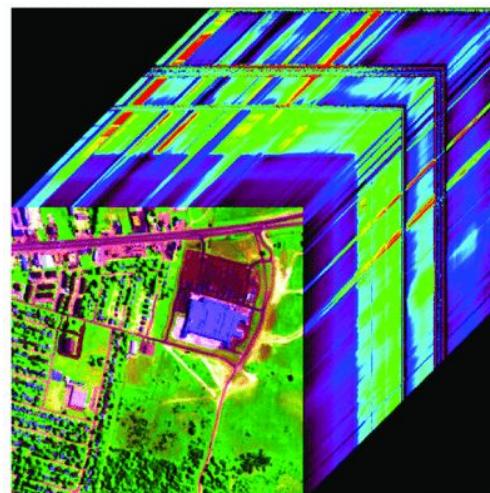
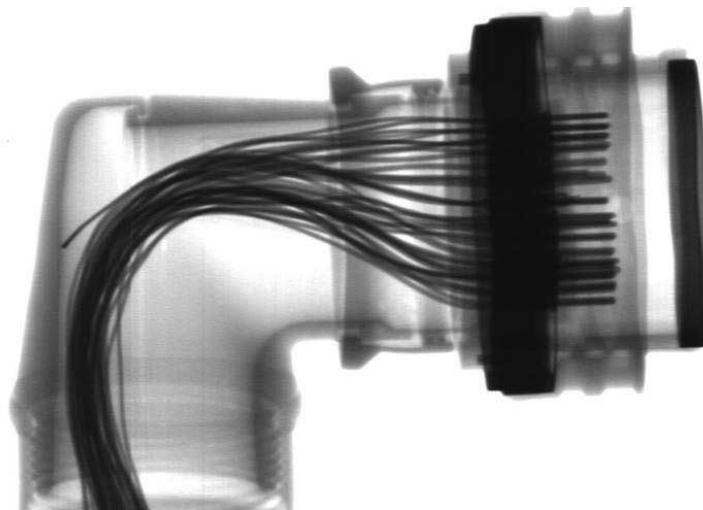
Stereo



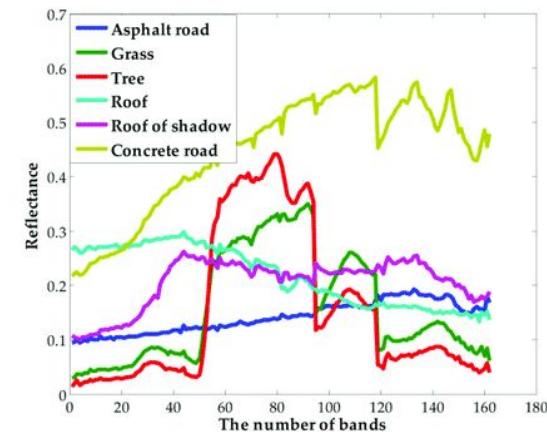
Thermal images



Other types of cameras

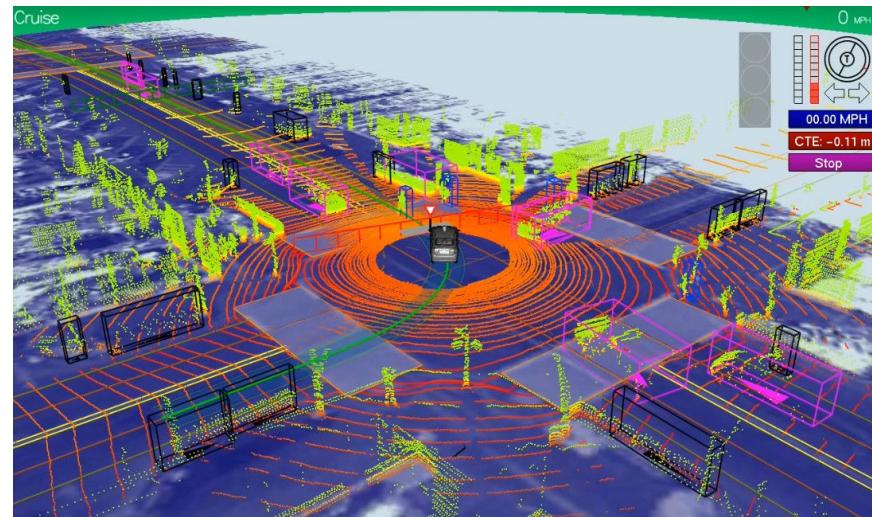


(a)



(b)

Other sensors



- LIDAR
- LRF
- SONAR
- RADAR
- GPS



- Image compression
- Robotic vision
- Machine Vision
- Digital camera calibration
- Real-time vision systems
- 3D data processing
- Machine learning
- Face recognition
- Emotions recognition
- Object detection
- Medical Imaging



- **Vitor Medeiros**, Gestão de negócios e consultoria em Visão Artificial na **INFAIMON Portugal** desde Janeiro de 2004, dando resposta ao mercado industrial, científico e tecnologias de informação até 2014, com especialização nos mercados da ciência e tecnologias de informação até ao presente dia. Anteriormente desempenhou funções de desenvolvimento de software de gestão em ferramentas Oracle, administração e manutenção de base de dados Oracle. Bacharelato em Informática de Gestão pelo ISVOUGA.
- **Tiago Carvalho**, Mestre em Engenharia Eletrónica e Telecomunicações pela Universidade de Aveiro. Gestor e formador especialista em Visão Artificial. Gestor de Produto das áreas de Segurança, Medição e Identificação Automática na **F.Fonseca**.